UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF FLORIDA

AMIN LAKHANI, Plaintiff, vs.

Big Big Allapattah, LLC, 8200 NE 2nd Ave LLC, Allapattah In The Sky LLC, Mr Taft Ex 82, LLC, La Santa Taqueria 1 LLC, Capo Group USA Corp, J. Win Hospitality LLC, and Oori Bakeshop LLC, Defendants.

COMPLAINT

Plaintiff, AMIN LAKHANI (hereinafter "Plaintiff"), by his undersigned, hereby files this Complaint and sues Defendants, Big Big Allapattah, LLC, 8200 NE 2nd Ave LLC, Allapattah In The Sky LLC, Mr Taft Ex 82, LLC, La Santa Taqueria 1 LLC, Capo Group USA Corp, J. Win Hospitality LLC, and Oori Bakeshop LLC (hereinafter "Defendants"), for injunctive relief pursuant to the Americans with Disabilities Act, 42 U.S.C. § 12181, et seq., (hereinafter the "A.D.A"), the ADA's Accessibility Guidelines, 28 C.F.R. Part 36 (hereinafter the "ADAAG"), and the Florida Building Code.

JURISDICTION

1. This Court has original jurisdiction over the action pursuant to 28 U.S.C., §§1331 and 1343 for Plaintiff's claims arising under 42 U.S.C. § 12181. *et seq.*, based upon Defendants' violations of Title III of the ADA (see also, 28 U.S.C. §§ 2201 and 2202).

PARTIES

2. Plaintiff, AMIN LAKHANI, is currently a resident of the State of Washington, is *sui juris*, and is a qualified individual under the ADA and the FACBC who has been

intentionally denied access to the Subject Premises as set forth more fully herein, and who will continue to be intentionally denied such access without the injunctive relief requested herein.

- 3. Mr. Lakhani is limited in one or more major life activities and requires a wheelchair to ambulate. Mr. Lakhani has been diagnosed with Type 1B Hereditary Motor & Sensory Neuropathy, which is also known as Charcot-Marie-Tooth Disorder.
- 4. Despite the physical limitations to which he is subjected as a result of his disability, Mr. Lakhani strives to lead a full life, frequently travels, dines out, and is also an actively social, independent, and highly educated, individual. Mr. Lakhani traveled internationally throughout his life both before and after requiring a wheelchair to ambulate at the age of 15. Since the age of 15, he has traveled frequently through the United States, and also to Singapore, France, and Mexico.
- 5. Mr. Lakhani also attended a highly selective dual degree program at the University of Pennsylvania, an Ivy League Institution, where he received degrees in Economics and Computer Science. Mr. Lakhani is very social, highly involved in his community, offers dating-coaching through his website and social media, and is highly involved in social activism.
- **6.** Mr. Lakhani's stays frequently in close proximity to the subject premises—so close that it would be considered walking distance for able-bodied persons.
- 7. Mr. Lakhani avers with all certainty that he will frequently return to the Subject Premises once the architectural barriers to access and discriminatory policies and procedures violating the ADA and the FACBC are no longer present.
- **8.** Mr. Lakhani looks forward to revisiting Subject Premises to partake in the full and equal enjoyment of the food and services offered to the general public by this facility.

However, Plaintiff is deterred from returning so long as the discriminatory barriers and policies described herein continue to exist at the subject property.

- 9. Mr. Lakhani has visited the Subject Premises, which forms the basis of this lawsuit and plans to return to avail him of the goods and services offered to the public at the property, and to determine whether the property has been remedied to be ADA compliant.
- 10. However, Plaintiff has been denied access to the Subject Premises and full and equal enjoyment of the goods and services offered therein because of his disability and will continue to be denied such access as a result of the barriers to access which exist at the facility including, but not limited to, those set forth in the Complaint.
- 11. Independent of his personal desire to access this place of public accommodation as required by law, Plaintiff is an advocate of the rights of similarly situated persons with disabilities and an advocate for asserting his own civil rights.
- 12. In this instance, Plaintiff, in his individual capacity, has visited the Subject Property, encountered barriers to access at the Subject Premises, was compelled to engage those barriers, suffered legal harm and legal injury, and will continue to suffer such harm and injury as a result of the illegal barriers to access including the ADA regulatory violations set forth herein below.
- 13. Pursuant to the mandates of 42 U.S.C. §12134(a), on September 15, 2010, the Department of Justice, Office of the Attorney General, published revised regulations for Title III of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 in the Federal Register to implement the requirements of the ADA. Public accommodations were required to conform to these regulations on or before March 15, 2012.¹

¹ "Safe Harbor. Elements that have not been altered in existing facilities on or after March 15, 2012, and that comply with the corresponding technical and scoping specification for those elements in the 1991 Standards are not required

- 14. Because, *inter alia*, this facility was designed, constructed, and received its Certificate of Occupancy/State Licensure on STARTDATE, Plaintiff asserts that said ADA violations are intentional in nature and will not be corrected absent Court intervention, thus exacerbating the intentional legal harm and injury to which Plaintiff has been and will continue to be subjected in the future.
- 15. Defendant, PROPERTYOWNERDEFENDANTNAME, is a BUSINESSENTITYPE which is authorized to and does transact business in the State of Florida and within this judicial district.
- 16. Pursuant to the Miami-Dade Property Appraiser's Office, Defendant, PROPERTYOWNERDEFENDANTNAME, is the owner and/or operator/manager of the real property located on or ADDRESS (hereinafter the "Subject Premises"). This is the building where the Subject Premises/restaurant is located.
- 17. Defendant, BUSINESSOWNERDEFENDANT, is a BUSINESSENTITYTYPE which is authorized to and does transact business in the State of Florida and within this judicial district.
- 18. According to the Miami-Dade Tax Collector's Office/Florida Department of Business and Professional Regulation, the Defendant, BUSINESSOWNERDEFENDANT, was licensed on OPENDATE to provide Permanent Food Service and Seating and occupies ADDRESS as a restaurant. Defendant, BUSINESSOWNERDEFENDANT, is also the owner of the fictitious name/is doing business as "BUSINESSNAME".
- 19. The Defendants' Facility is a public accommodation and service establishment, and although required by law to do so, it is not in compliance with the ADA and ADAAG.

to be modified in order to comply with the requirements set forth in the 2010 Standards" 28 CFR §36.304(d)(2)(i), however, the violations described herein violate both the 1991 Standards as well as the 2010 Standards.

- **20.** In this instance, Mr. Lakhani visited the Facility and encountered barriers to access at the Facility, and engaged barriers, suffered legal harm and injury, and will continue to suffer legal harm and injury as a result of the illegal barriers to access, and Defendants' ADA violations set forth herein.
- **21.** Plaintiff has suffered and continues to suffer direct and indirect injury as a result of the ADA violations that exist at the Facility and the actions or inactions described herein.
- 22. All events giving rise to this lawsuit occurred in the State of Florida. Venue is proper in this Court as the premises are located in the Southern District.

FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS AND CLAIM

- 23. Mr. Lakhani has attempted to and has, to the extent possible, accessed the Facility, but could not do so because of his disabilities due to the physical barriers to access, dangerous conditions and ADA violations that exist at the Facility that restrict and/or limit his access to the Facility and/or the goods, services, facilities, privileges, advantages and/or accommodations offered therein, including those barriers, conditions and ADA violations more specifically set forth in this Complaint.
- 24. Mr. Lakhani intends to visit the Facility again in the near future in order to utilize all of the goods, services, facilities, privileges, advantages, and/or accommodations commonly offered at the Facility, but will be unable to do so because of his disability due to the physical barriers to access, dangerous conditions and ADA violations that exist at the Facility that restrict and/or limit his access to the Facility and/or accommodations offered therein, including those barriers conditions and ADA violations more specifically set forth in this Complaint.
- 25. Defendants have discriminated against Plaintiff and others with disabilities by denying access to, and full and equal enjoyment of the goods, services, facilities, privileges,

advantages and/or accommodations of the Facility, as prohibited by 42 U.S.C., § 12182, et. seq., and by failing to remove architectural barriers as required by 42 U.S.C., § 12182(b)(2)(A)(iv), and will continue to discriminate against Plaintiff and others with disabilities unless and until Defendants are compelled to remove all physical barriers that exist at the Facility, including those specifically set forth herein, and make the Facility accessible to and usable by persons with disabilities, including Plaintiff.

26. Defendants have discriminated against Mr. Lakhani by failing to comply with the above requirements. A specific, although not exclusive, list of unlawful physical barriers, dangerous conditions and ADA violations which preclude and/or limit Plaintiff's ability (because of his disability) to access the Facility and/or full and equal enjoyment of the goods, services, facilities, privileges, advantages and/or accommodations of the Facility include:

Accessible Route from Public Right-of-Way

- Right side ramp does not have the required handrails contrary to 2010 ADA
 Code §405.8;
- ii. Ramp does not provide a curb or barriers contrary to 2010 ADA Code §405.9.2;
- iii. Right side ramp does not have the required handrails contrary to 2010 ADA Code §405.8;
- iv. Ramp does not provide a curb or barriers contrary to 2010 ADA Code §405.9.2;

Accessible Route from Accessible Parking Space by Unit 225

v. Sidewalk does not have a curb ramp where accessible route crosses curb contrary to 2010 ADA Code §406.1;

vi. Accessible parking spaces are in a location where users are compelled to walk or wheel behind parked vehicles and spaces contrary to Florida Code §502.3;

Accessible Parking Space by Unit 225

- vii. Access aisle has a non- compliant surface slope contrary to 2010 ADA Code §502.4;
- viii. Accessible parking space has a non-compliant surface slope contrary to 2010 ADA Code §502.4;

Accessible Route from Accessible Parking Space by Unit 217

- ix. Ramp does not have the required handrails contrary to 2010 ADA Code §405.8;
- x. Ramp does not provide a curb or barriers contrary to 2010 ADA Code §405.9.2;

Accessible Parking Space by Unit 217

- xi. Accessible aisle has a non-compliant surface slope contrary to 2010 ADA Code §502.4;
- xii. Accessible parking space has a non-compliant surface slope contrary to 2010 ADA Code §502.4;

La Santa Taqueria – Exterior Seating

xiii. Table does not provide the required knee clearance contrary to 2010 ADA Code §902.2;

La Santa Taqueria - Bar

xiv. There is no lower portion of the counter provided contrary to 2010 ADA Code §902.3lpc;

La Santa Taqueria – Unisex Accessible Restroom

- xv. Permanent room identifying signage is mounted at a non-compliant height contrary to 2010 ADA Code §703.4.1;
- xvi. Maneuvering clearance on the push side of the door is 4.25"contrary to 2010 ADA Code §404.2.4;
- xvii. Doorway opening has a non- compliant clear width contrary to 2010 ADA Code §404.2.3;
- xviii. Furniture encroaches over maneuvering clearance on the push side of the door contrary to 2010 ADA Code §404.2.4;
- xix. Furniture encroaches over the water closet clearance contrary to 2010 ADA Code §604.3.2ec;
- xx. Trash bin encroaches over lavatory clear floor space contrary to 2010 ADA Code §305.3;
- xxi. Water closet has a 24" long rear wall grab bar contrary to 2010 ADA Code \$604.5.2;
- xxii. Water closet side wall grab bar is mounted at 13" perpendicular from rear wall to centerline of its inner flange contrary to 2010 ADA Code §604.5.1;
- xxiii. Paper towel dispenser is mounted 8.75" over the rear wall grab bar contrary to 2010 ADA Code §609.3;
- xxiv. Lavatory mirror is mounted at 54" above the finished floor to bottom edge of its reflecting surface contrary to 2010 ADA Code §603.3;

- xxv. Lavatory has unwrapped bottom sink pipes. Failing to maintain the pipes cover against contact contrary to 2010 ADA Code §606.5;
- xxvi. Toilet tissue dispenser is mounted at 13" in front of the water closet to the centerline of the dispenser contrary to 2010 ADA Code §604.7;
- xxvii. Clear floor space does not provide the required diameter wheelchair turnaround space in room contrary to 2010 ADA Code §304.3;

Yolanda by La Santa Taqueria - Bar

xxviii. There is no lower portion of the counter provided contrary to 2010 ADA Code \$902.2;

Yolanda by La Santa Taqueria – Exterior Seating Area

xxix. Table does not provide the required knee clearance contrary to 2010 ADA Code §902.2;

Pasta Market – Interior Seating Area

xxx. Table does not provide the required knee clearance contrary to 2010 ADA Code §NUMBER;

Pasta Market - Bar

xxxi. There is no lower portion of the counter provided contrary to 2010 ADA Code §902.31;

Pasta Market - Unisex Accessible Restroom

xxxii. Permanent room identifying signage is mounted on the door leaf contrary to 2010 ADA Code §703.4.1;

- xxxiii. Furniture encroaches over maneuvering clearance on the pull side of the door contrary to 2010 ADA Code §404.2.4;
- xxxiv. Non-compliant knob-type door hardware, requiring grasping and turning of the wrist to operate contrary to 2010 ADA Code §404.2.7;
- xxxv. Lavatory does not provide the required knee clearance contrary to 2010 ADA Code §606.2.2;
- xxxvi. Trash bin encroaches over the water closet clearance contrary to 2010 ADA Code §604.3.2ec;
- xxxvii. Lavatory mirror is mounted at 51.5" above the finished floor to bottom edge of its reflecting surface contrary to 2010 ADA Code §606.3;
- xxxviii. Lavatory is mounted at 35" above the finished floor to top of rim contrary to 2010 ADA Code §606.3;
- xxxix. Toilet tissue dispenser is mounted behind the front edge of the water closet contrary to 2010 ADA Code §604.7;
 - xl. Water closet side wall grab bar is mounted at 49.75" perpendicular from rear wall to centreline of its outer flange contrary to 2010 ADA Code §604.5.1;
 - xli. Coat hook is mounted beyond required reach allowed for approach provided and is mounted at 67.5" above the finished floor contrary to 2010 ADA Code §308.3;

Tran an – Exterior Seating Area

xlii. Table does not provide the required knee clearance contrary to 2010 ADA Code §902.2;

<u>Tran an – Interior Seating Area</u>

xliii. Table does not provide the required knee clearace contrary to 2010 ADA Code §902.2;

<u>Tran-an – Unisex Accessible Restroom</u>

- xliv. There is no sign provided contrary to 2010 ADA Code §703.4.1;
- xlv. Doorway opening has a non-compliant clear width contrary to 2010 ADA Code §404.2.3;
- xlvi. Furniture encroaches over maneuvering clearance on the pull side of the door door contrary to 2010 ADA Code §404.2.4;
- xlvii. Furniture encroaches over maneuvering clearance on the push side of the door contrary to 2010 ADA Code §404.2.4;
- xlviii. Non-compliant knob-type door hardware, requiring grasping and turning of the wrist to operate contrary to 2010 ADA Code §404.2.7;
 - xlix. Furniture encroaches over the water closet clearance contrary to 2010 ADA Code §604.3.2ec;
 - 1. Water closet has a 24" long rear wall grab bar contrary to 2010 ADA Code §604.5.2;
 - li. Water closet is centered at 19.75" from side wall contrary to 2010 ADA Code §604.2;
 - lii. Water closet side wall grab bar is mounted at 13" perpendicular from rear wall to centreline of its inner flange contrary to 2010 ADA Code §604.5.1;
 - liii. Toilet tissue dispenser is mounted at 4" in front of the water closet to the centreline of the dispenser contrary to 2010 ADA Code §604.7;

liv. Clear floor space does not provide the required diameter wheelchair turnaround space in room contrary to 2010 ADA Code §304.3;

Tran-an – Cashier Counter

lv. Counter has a non-compliant height contrary to 2010 ADA Code §904.4.1;

Oori – Cashier Counter

lvi. Counter has a non-compliant height contrary to 2010 ADA Code §904.4.1; and

Oori - Interior Seating Area

- lvii. Tables and/or work surface is mounted at a non-compliant height above the finished floor to the top contrary to 2010 ADA Code §902.3;
- 27. The above listing is not to be considered all-inclusive of the barriers, conditions or violations encountered by Plaintiff and/or which exist at the Facility. Plaintiff requires an inspection of the Facility in order to determine all of the discriminatory acts violating the ADA.
- 28. Mr. Lakhani has attempted to gain access to the Facility, but because of his disability has been denied access to, and has been denied the benefits of services, programs, and activities of the Facility, and has otherwise been discriminated against and damaged by Defendants, because of the physical barriers, dangerous conditions and ADA violations set forth above, and expects to be discriminated against in the future, unless and until Defendants are compelled to remove the unlawful barriers and conditions and comply with the ADA.
- 29. Independent of his personal desire to have access to this place of public accommodation free of illegal barriers to access Plaintiff is an advocate of the rights of similarly situated disabled persons and is a "tester" for the purpose of asserting his civil rights and monitoring, ensuring, and determining whether places of public accommodation are in compliance with the ADA. Independent of other subsequent visits, Plaintiff also intends to visit

the Premises regularly to verify its compliance or non-compliance with the ADA, and its maintenance of the accessible features of the Premises. In this instance, Plaintiff, in Plaintiff's individual capacity and as a "tester", visited the Premises, encountered barriers to access at the Premises, engaged and tested those barriers, suffered legal harm and legal injury and will continue to suffer such harm and injury as a result of the illegal barriers to access and the violations of the ADA set forth herein. It is Plaintiff's belief that said violations will not be corrected without Court intervention, and thus Plaintiff will suffer legal harm and injury in the near future.

- 30. Plaintiff, in his capacity as a tester, will absolutely return to the Premises when Defendants modify the Premises or modifies the policies and practices to accommodate individuals who have physical disabilities to confirm said modifications have been completed in accordance with the requirements of the ADA
- 31. The removal of the physical barriers, dangerous conditions and ADA violations set forth herein is readily achievable and can be accomplished and carried out without much difficulty or expense. 42 U.S.C. § 12182(B)(2)(A)(iv); 42 U.S.C. § 12181(9); 28 C.F.R, § 36.304.
- 32. Plaintiff is without adequate remedy at law and is suffering irreparable harm, and reasonably anticipates that he will continue to suffer irreparable harm unless and until Defendants are required to remove the physical barriers, dangerous conditions and ADA violations that exist at the Facility, including those set forth herein.
- 33. Plaintiff has been obligated to retain undersigned counsel for the filing and prosecution of this action. The Plaintiff is entitled to have his reasonable attorney's fees, costs and expenses paid by the Defendants, pursuant to 42 U.S.C., §§ 12205 and 12217.

34. Pursuant to 42 U.S.C. §12188(a), this Court is provided with authority to grant injunctive relief to Plaintiff, including an order to alter the subject Facility to make it readily accessible to and useable by individuals with disabilities to the extent required by the ADA, and closing the subject Facility until the requisite modifications are completed.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff respectfully requests that the Court issue a permanent injunction enjoining Defendants from continuing is discriminatory practices, ordering Defendants to remove the physical barriers to access and alter the subject Facility to make it readily accessible to and useable by individuals with disabilities to the extent required by the ADA, closing the subject Facility until the barriers are removed and requisite alterations are completed, and awarding Plaintiff his reasonable attorney's fees, expert fees, costs and litigation expenses incurred in this action.

Respectfully submitted,

s/ Glenn R. Goldstein

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